



# Voltage Regulators

## LM103 regulator diode

### general description

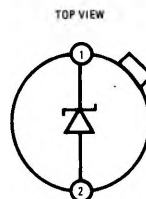
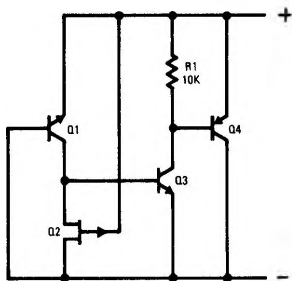
The LM103 is a two-terminal monolithic regulator diode electrically equivalent to a breakdown diode. The device makes use of the reverse punch-through of double-diffused transistors, combined with active circuitry, to produce a breakdown characteristic which is ten times sharper than single-junction zener diodes at low voltages. Breakdown voltages from 1.8V to 5.6V are available; and, although the design is optimized for operation between  $100\ \mu\text{A}$  and  $1\ \mu\text{A}$ , it is completely specified from  $10\ \mu\text{A}$  to 10 mA. Noteworthy features of the device are:

- Exceptionally sharp breakdown
- Low dynamic impedance from  $10\ \mu\text{A}$  to 10 mA

- Performance guaranteed over full military temperature range
- Planar, passivated junctions for stable operation
- Low capacitance.

The LM103, packaged in a hermetically sealed, modified TO-46 header is useful in a wide range of circuit applications from level shifting to simple voltage regulation. It can also be employed with operational amplifiers in producing breakpoints to generate nonlinear transfer functions. Finally, its unique characteristics recommend it as a reference element in low voltage power supplies with input voltages down to 4V.

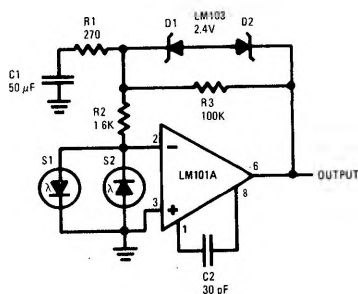
### schematic and connection diagrams



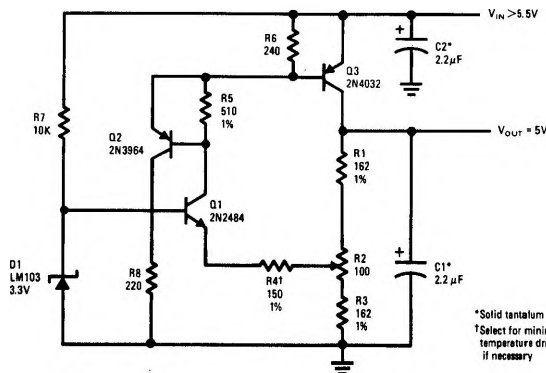
NOTE: Pin 2 connected to case.

### typical applications

#### Saturating Servo Preamp with Rate Feedback



#### 200 mA Positive Regulator



**absolute maximum ratings**

Power Dissipation (note 1)	250 mW
Reverse Current	20 mA
Forward Current	100 mA
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to 125°C
Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to 150°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 60 sec)	300°C

**electrical characteristics** (Note 2)

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Reverse Breakdown Voltage Change	$10 \mu\text{A} \leq I_R \leq 100 \mu\text{A}$		60	120	mV
	$100 \mu\text{A} \leq I_R \leq 1 \text{ mA}$		15	50	mV
	$1 \text{ mA} \leq I_R \leq 10 \text{ mA}$		50	150	mV
Reverse Dynamic Impedance (Note 3)	$I_R = 3 \text{ mA}$		5	25	$\Omega$
	$I_R = 0.3 \text{ mA}$		15	60	$\Omega$
Reverse Leakage Current	$V_R = V_Z - 0.2\text{V}$		2	5	$\mu\text{A}$
Forward Voltage Drop	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$	0.7	0.8	1.0	V
Peak-to-Peak Broadband Noise Voltage	$10 \text{ Hz} \leq f \leq 100 \text{ kHz}, I_R = 1 \text{ mA}$		300		$\mu\text{V}$
Reverse Breakdown Voltage Change (Note 4)	$10 \mu\text{A} \leq I_R \leq 100 \mu\text{A}$			200	mV
	$100 \mu\text{A} \leq I_R \leq 1 \text{ mA}$			60	mV
	$1 \text{ mA} \leq I_R \leq 10 \text{ mA}$			200	mV
Breakdown Voltage Temperature Coefficient (Note 4)	$100 \mu\text{A} \leq I_R \leq 1 \text{ mA}$		-5.0		mV/°C

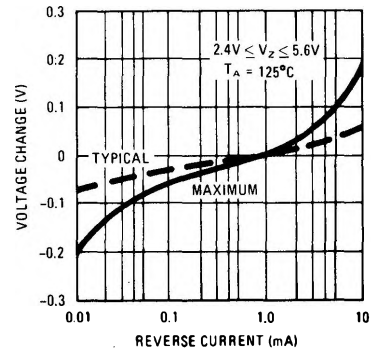
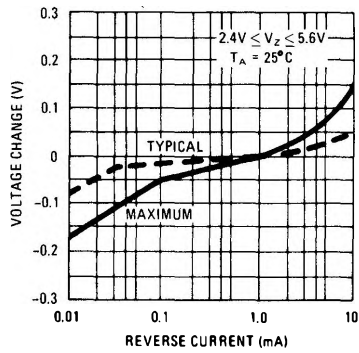
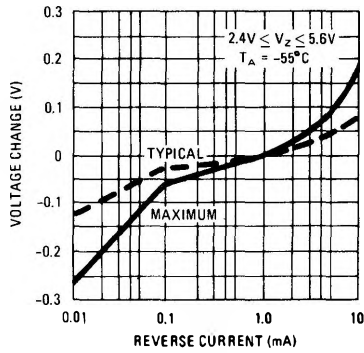
**NOTE 1:** For operating at elevated temperatures, the device must be derated based on a 150°C maximum junction temperature and a thermal resistance of 80°C/W junction to case or 440°C/W junction to ambient (see curve).

**NOTE 2:** These specifications apply for  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  and  $1.8\text{V} < V_Z < 5.6\text{V}$  unless stated otherwise. The diode should not be operated with shunt capacitances between 100 pF and 0.01  $\mu\text{F}$ , unless isolated by at least a 50 $\Omega$  resistor, as it may oscillate at some currents.

**NOTE 3:** Measured with the peak-to-peak change of reverse current equal to 10 percent of the dc reverse current.

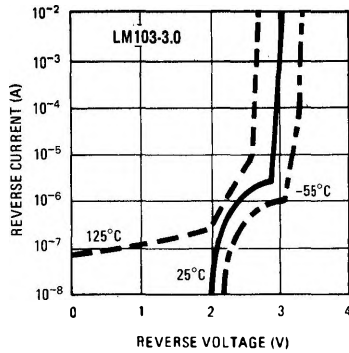
**NOTE 4:** These specifications apply for  $-55^\circ\text{C} < T_A < 125^\circ\text{C}$ .

**guaranteed reverse characteristics**

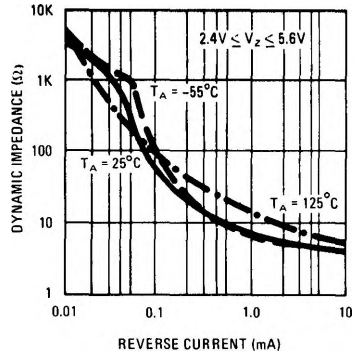


**typical performance**

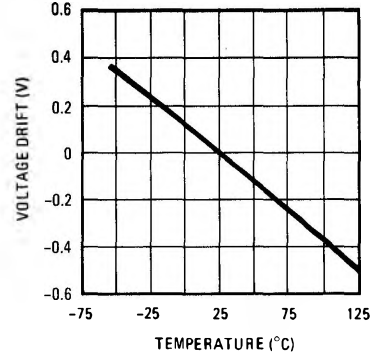
**Reverse Characteristics**



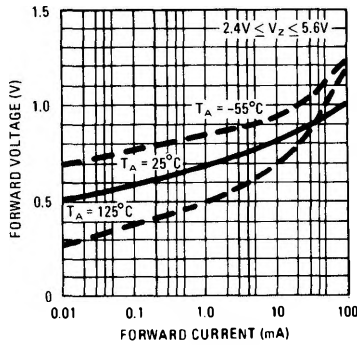
**Reverse Dynamic Impedance**



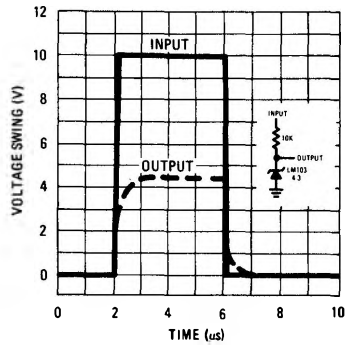
**Temperature Drift**



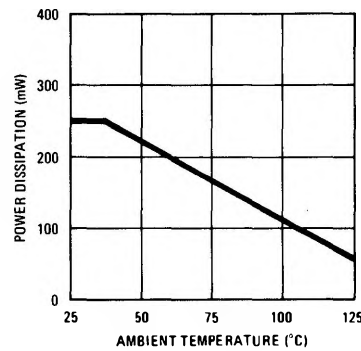
**Forward Characteristics**



**Response Time**



**Maximum Power Dissipation**



**BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE\***

- 1.8
- 2.0
- 2.2
- 2.4
- 2.7
- 3.0
- 3.3
- 3.6
- 3.9
- 4.3
- 4.7
- 5.1
- 5.6

**PART NUMBER**

- LM103-1.8
- LM103-2.0
- LM103-2.2
- LM103-2.4
- LM103-2.7
- LM103-3.0
- LM103-3.3
- LM103-3.6
- LM103-3.9
- LM103-4.3
- LM103-4.7
- LM103-5.1
- LM103-5.6

\*Measured at  $I_R = 1 \text{ mA}$ .

Standard tolerance is  $\pm 10\%$ .