## LOW POWER DUAL VOLTAGE COMPARATOR LM193/A/293/A/393/A/2903

### DESCRIPTION

The LM193 series consists of two independent precision voltage comparators with an offset voltage specification as low as 2.0 mV max for two comparators which were designed specifically to operate from a single power supply over a wide range of voltages. Operation from split power supplies is also possible and the low power supply current drain is independent of the magnitude of the power supply voltage. These comparators also have a unique characteristic in that the input common mode voltage range includes ground, even though operated from a single power supply voltage.

The LM193 series was designed to directly interface with TTL and CMOS. When operated from both plus and minus power supplies, the LM193 series will directly interface with MOS logic where their low power drain is a distinct advantage over standard comparators.

### **FEATURES**

- Wide single supply voltage range 2.0Vdc to 36Vdc or dual supplies ±1.0Vdc to ±18Vdc
- Very low supply current drain (0.8mA) independent of supply voltage (2.0mW/comparator at 5.0Vdc)
- Low input biasing current 25nA
- Low Input offset current ±5nA and offset voltage ±2mV
- Input common-mode voltage range includes ground
- Differential input voltage range equal to the power supply voltage.
- Low output 250mV at 4mA saturation voltage
- Output voltage compatible with TTL, DTL, ECL, MOS and CMOS logic systems.

### **APPLICATIONS**

- A/D converters
- Wide range VCO
- MOS clock generator
- · High voltage logic gate
- Multivibrators

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

PARAMETER	RATING	UNIT
Vcc supply voltage	36 or ±18	Vdc
Differential input voltage	36	Vdc
Input voltage	-0.3 to +36	Vdc
Power dissipation <sup>1</sup>		
N	570	mW
FE	900	mW
Output short circuit to ground <sup>2</sup>	Continuous	1
Input current (V <sub>IN</sub> < -0.3Vdc) <sup>3</sup>	50	mA
Operating temperature range		
LM193/193A	-55 to +125	°C
LM293/293A	-25 to +85	°C
LM393/393A	0 to +70	°C
LM2903	-40 to +85	°C
Storage temperature range	-65 to +150	°C
Lead temperature (soldering 10 sec.)	300	°C

### EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT



### **PIN CONFIGURATIONS**



### LOW POWER DUAL VOLTAGE COMPARATOR LM193/A/293/A/393/A/2903

# DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Cont'd) V+ = 5Vdc, LM193/193A: -55°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C unless otherwise specified.

LM293/293A:  $-25^{\circ}C \le T_A \le +85^{\circ}C$  unless otherwise specified. LM393/393A:  $0^{\circ}C \leq T_A \leq +70^{\circ}C$  unless otherwise specified. LM2903:  $-40^{\circ}C \le T_A \le +85^{\circ}C$  unless otherwise specified.7

PARAMETER				LM193			LM293/393			
		TEST CONDITIONS	Min	Min Typ		Min	Тур	yp Max		
Vos	Input offset voltage5	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C Over temp.		±2.0	±5.0 ±9.0		±2.0	±5.0 ±9.0	m∨	
Vсм	Input common mode voltage range6.10	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C Over temp.	0 0		V±-1.5 V±-2.0	0 0		V±-1.5 V±-2.0	v	
VIDR	Differential input voltage4	Keep all V <sub>IN's</sub> ≥ 0Vdc (or V-if need)			V+			V+	v	
IB	Input bias current <sup>8</sup>	l <sub>IN(+)</sub> or I <sub>IN(−)</sub> with output in linear range T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C Over temp.		25	100 300		25	250 400	nA	
los	Input offset current	$I_{IN(+)} - I_{IN(-)}$ $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ Over temp.		±3.0	±25 ±100		±5.0	±50 ±150	nA nA	
IOL	Output sink current	$ \begin{array}{l} V_{IN(^-)} \geq 1 V dc, \; V_{IN(^+)} = 0, \\ V_0 \leq 1.5 V dc, \\ T_A = 25^\circ C \end{array} $	6.0	16		6.0	16		mA	
Іон	Output leakage current	$V_{IN(+)} \ge 1Vdc, V_{IN(-)} = 0$ $V_0 = 5Vdc,$ $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ $V_0 = 30Vdc, over temp.$		0.1	1.0		0.1	1.0	nA μA	
lcc	Supply current	$R_L = \infty$ on both comparators $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ V + = 30V, over temp.		0.8	1 2.5		0.8	1 2.5	mA	
Av	Voltage gnin	$R_L \ge 15 K\Omega$ , V+ = 15Vdc	.50	200		50	200		V/mV	
Vol	Saturation voltage	$ \begin{split} V_{IN(^{-})} &\geq 1 V dc, \ V_{IN(^{+})} = 0, \\ I_{SINK} &\leq 4 m A \\ T_A &= 25^{\circ} C \\ Over temp. \end{split} $		250	400 700		250	400 700	mV	
TLSR	Large signal response time	$\label{eq:VIN} \begin{split} V_{IN} &= TTL \; logic \; swing, \\ V_{REF} &= 1.4Vdc, \; V_{RL} = 5Vdc, \\ R_L &= 5.1k\Omega, \\ T_A &= 25^\circ C \end{split}$		300			300		ns	
TR	Response time <sup>9</sup>	$V_{RL} = 5Vdc,$ $R_L = 5.1k\Omega,$ $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$		1.3			1.3		μs	

NOTES

1. For operating at high temperatures, the LM393/393A and LM2903 must be derated based on a 125°C maximum junction temperature and a thermal resistance of 175° C/W which applies for the device soldered in a printed circuit board, operating in a still air ambient. The LM193/193A/293/293A must be derated based on a 150°C maximum junction temperature. The low bias dissipation and the "On-Off" characteristics of the outputs keeps the chip dissipation very small (Pp ≤ 100mW), provided the output transistors are allowed to saturate.

2. Short circuits from the output to V+ can cause excessive heating and eventual destruction. The maximum output current is approximately 20mA independent of the magnitude of V+

3. This input current will only exist when the voltage at any of the input leads is driven negative. It is due to the collector-base junction of the input PNP transistors becoming forward biased and thereby acting as input diode clamps. In addition to this diode action, there is also lateral NPN parasitic transistor action on the IC chip. This transistor action can cause the output voltages of the comparators to go to the V+ voltage level (or to ground for a large overdrive) for the time duration that an input is driven negative. This is not destructive and normal output states will re-establish when the input voltage, which was negative, again returns to a value greater than -0.3Vdc. 4. Positive excursions of input voltage may exceed the power supply level by 17 Volts. As long as the other voltage remains within the common-mode range, the comparator will provide a proper output state. The low input voltage state must not be less than -0.3Vdc (Vdc below the magnitude of the negative power supply, if used).

5. At output switch point,  $V_0 \ge 1.4 V dc$ ,  $R_5 = 0.0$  with V+ from 5V dc to 30V dc; and over the full input common-mode range (0Vdc to V+ -1.5Vdc).

6. The input common-mode voltage or either input signal voltage should not be allowed to go negative by more than 0.3V. The upper end of the common-mode voltage range is V+ -1.5V, but either or both inputs can go to 30Vdc without damage

7. With the LM293/293A, all temperature specifications are limited to  $-25^{\circ}C \le T_A \le$ +85° C and the LM393/393A, all temperature specifications are limited to 0° C  $\leq$  T<sub>A</sub>  $\leq$ +70°C. The LM2903 is limited to -40°C ≤ TA ≤85°C.

8. The direction of the input current is out of the IC due to the PNP input stage. This current is essentially constant, independent of the state of the output so no loading change exists on the reference or input lines.

9. The response time specified is for a 100mV input step with a 5mV overdrive.

10. For input signals that exceed Voc. only the overdriven comparator is affected. With a 5V supply, VIN should be limited to 25V max., and a limiting resistor should be used on all inputs that might exceed the positive supply

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**DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** V+ = 5Vdc, LM193/193A:  $-55^{\circ}C \le T_{A} \le +125^{\circ}C$  unless otherwise specified. LM293/293A:  $-25^{\circ}C \le T_{A} \le +85^{\circ}C$  unless otherwise specified. LM393/393A:  $0^{\circ}C \le T_A \le +70^{\circ}C$  unless otherwise specified. LM2903:  $-40^{\circ}C \le T_A \le +85^{\circ}C$  unless otherwise specified.<sup>7</sup>

		TEST CONDITIONS	LM193A			LM293A/393A			LM2903			
	PARAMETER		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	UNIT
Vos	Input offset voltage5	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C Over temp.		±1.0	±2.0 ±4.0		±1.0	±2.0 ±4.0		±2.0 ±9	±7.0 ±15	mV
Vсм	Input common mode voltage range <sup>6,10</sup>	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C Over temp.	0 0		V+-1.5 V+-2.0	0 0		V+-1.5 V+-2.0	0 0		V+-1.5 V+-2.0	×
VIDR	Differential input voltage <sup>4</sup>	Keep all V <sub>IN's</sub> ≥ 0Vdc (or V-if need)			V+			V+			V+	v
ΙB	Input bias current <sup>8</sup>	I <sub>IN(+)</sub> or I <sub>IN(−)</sub> with output in linear range T <sub>A</sub> = 25° C Over temp.		25	100 300		25	250 400		25 200	250 500	nA
los	Input offset current	l <sub>IN(+)</sub> − l <sub>IN(−)</sub> T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C Over temp.		±3.0	±25 ±100		±5.0	±50 ±150		±5 ±50	±50 ±200	nA nA
IOL	Output sink current	$ \begin{array}{l} V_{\text{IN}(-)} \geq 1 V dc, \ V_{\text{IN}(+)} = 0, \\ V_0 \leq 1.5 V dc, \\ T_{\text{A}} = 25^{\circ} C \end{array} $	6.0	16		6.0	16		6.0	16		mA
Юн	Output leakage current	V <sub>IN(+)</sub> ≥ 1Vdc, V <sub>IN(-)</sub> = 0 V <sub>0</sub> = 30Vdc Over temp. V <sub>0</sub> = 5Vdc, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		0.1	1.0		0.1	1.0		0.1	1.0	μA na
lcc	Supply current	$R_L = \infty$ on both comparators. $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ V + = 30V, over temp.		0.8 1	1 2.5		0.8 1	1 2.5		0.8 1	1 2.5	mA
Av	Voltage gain	$R_{L} \geq 15 k\Omega, V + = 15 V d c, \ T_{A} = 25^\circ C$	50	200		50	200		25	100		V/mV
Vol	Saturation voltage	V <sub>IN(<sup>-</sup>)</sub> ≥ 1Vdc, V <sub>IN(+)</sub> = 0, I <sub>SINK</sub> ≤ 4mA T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C Over temp.		250	400 700		250	400 700		400	400 700	mV
TLSR	Large signal response time	$V_{IN} = TTL \text{ logic swing,} \\ V_{REF} = 1.4Vdc, \\ V_{RL} = 5Vdc, R_L = 5.1k\Omega, \\ T_A = 25^{\circ}C$		300			300			300		ns
TR	Response time <sup>9</sup>	$V_{RL} = 5Vdc, R_L = 5.1k\Omega, T_A = 25^{\circ}C$		1.3			1.3			1.3		μs

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### TYPICAL APPLICATIONS



## LOW POWER DUAL VOLTAGE COMPARATOR

### LM193/A/293/A/393/A/2903

### **TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS**

