

General Description

The MAX809/MAX810 are microprocessor (µP) supervisory circuits used to monitor the power supplies in µP and digital systems. They provide excellent circuit reliability and low cost by eliminating external components and adjustments when used with 5V-powered or 3Vpowered circuits.

These circuits perform a single function: They assert a reset signal whenever the V_{CC} supply voltage declines below a preset threshold, keeping it asserted for at least 140ms after V_{CC} has risen above the reset threshold. The only difference between the two devices is that the MAX809 has an active-low RESET output (which is guaranteed to be in the correct state for V_{CC} down to 1V), while the MAX810 has an active-high RESET output. The reset comparator is designed to ignore fast transients on V_{CC} . Reset thresholds suitable for operation with a variety of supply voltages are available.

Low supply current makes the MAX809/MAX810 ideal for use in portable equipment. The MAX809/MAX810 come in a 3-pin SOT23 package.

Applications

Computers

Controllers

Intelligent Instruments

Critical µP and µC Power Monitoring

Portable/Battery-Powered Equipment

Automotive

Features

- Precision Monitoring of 3V, 3.3V, and 5V **Power-Supply Voltages**
- Fully Specified Over Temperature
- ♦ 140ms Min Power-On Reset Pulse Width: **RESET Output (MAX809) RESET Output (MAX810)**
- ♦ 17µA Supply Current
- ♦ Guaranteed RESET Valid to V_{CC} = 1V (MAX809)
- ♦ Power Supply Transient Immunity
- **♦ No External Components**
- ♦ 3-Pin SOT23 Package

Ordering Information

PART†	TEMP. RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX809_EUR-T	-40°C to +105°C	3 SOT23-3
MAX810_EUR-T	-40°C to +105°C	3 SOT23-3

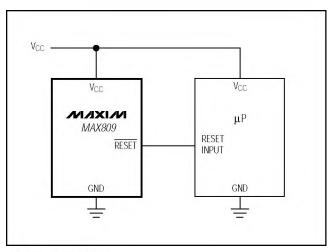
Ordering Information continued at end of data sheet.

†Insert the desired suffix letter (from the table below) into the blank to complete the part number:

SUFFIX	RESET THRESHOLD (V)
L	4.63
М	4.38
J*	4.00
Т	3.08
S	2.93
R	2.63

^{*} J version is available for MAX809 only.

Typical Operating Circuit



TOP VIEW GND 1 MIXIM MAX809 **MAX810** Vcc (RESET) RESET 2 SOT23 () ARE FOR MAX810

MIXIM

Maxim Integrated Products 1

Pin Configuration

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Terminal Voltage (with respect to GND)	Continuous Power Dissipation (TA = +70°C)
Vcc0.3V to 6.0V	SOT23 (derate above +70°C by 4mW/°C)320mW
RESET, RESET0.3V to (V _{CC} + 0.3V)	Operating Temperature Range40°C to +105°C
Input Current, V _{CC} 20mA	Storage Temperature Range65°C to +160°C
Output Current, RESET, RESET20mA	Lead Temperature (soldering, 10sec)+300°C
Rate of Rise, Vcc100V/µs	

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $(V_{CC} = full\ range,\ T_A = -40^{\circ}C\ to\ +105^{\circ}C,\ unless\ otherwise\ noted.$ Typical values are at $T_A = +25^{\circ}C,\ V_{CC} = 5V$ for L/M/J versions, $V_{CC} = 3.3V$ for T/S versions, and $V_{CC} = 3V$ for R version.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	(CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
V _{CC} Range		$T_A = 0^{\circ}C \text{ to } +70$	°C	1.0		5.5	V
VCC Kange		$T_A = -40$ °C to $+105$ °C		1.2		5.5]
Supply Current		T _A = -40°C to +85°C	VCC < 5.5V, MAX8 L/M		24	60	- μΑ
	Icc		V _{CC} < 3.6V, MAX8 R/S/T		17	50	
Supply Current	100	T _A = +85°C to +105°C	VCC < 5.5V, MAX8 L/M			100	
			V _{CC} < 3.6V, MAX8 R/S/T			100	
		MAX8L	T _A = +25°C	4.56	4.63	4.70	
			$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C$	4.50		4.75	
			$T_A = +85^{\circ}C \text{ to } +105^{\circ}C$	4.40		4.86	
			T _A = +25°C	4.31	4.38	4.45	
		MAX8M	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C$	4.25		4.50	
			$T_A = +85^{\circ}C \text{ to } +105^{\circ}C$	4.16		4.56]
Reset Threshold (Note 2)			T _A = +25°C	3.93	4.00	4.06	1
		MAX809J	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C$	3.89		4.10	V
	VTH		$T_A = +85^{\circ}C \text{ to } +105^{\circ}C$	3.80		4.20	
Reset Tilleshold (Note 2)	VIH		T _A = +25°C	3.00	3.08	3.15	
		MAX8T	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C$	3.04		3.11	
			$T_A = +85^{\circ}C \text{ to } +105^{\circ}C$	2.92		3.23	
		MAX8S	T _A = +25°C	2.89	2.93	2.96	
			$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C$	2.85		3.00	
			$T_A = +85^{\circ}C \text{ to } +105^{\circ}C$	2.78		3.08	
			T _A = +25°C	2.59	2.63	2.66	
		MAX8R	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C$	2.55		2.70	
			$T_A = +85^{\circ}C \text{ to } +105^{\circ}C$	2.50		2.76	
Reset Threshold Tempco					30		ppm/°C
V _{CC} to Reset Delay (Note 2)		V _{CC} = V _{TH} to (V _{TH} - 100mV)			20		μs
Reset Active Timeout Period		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C$ $T_A = +85^{\circ}C \text{ to } +105^{\circ}C$		140	240	560	ms
				100		840	1 1115
RESET Output Voltage Low (MAX809)		VCC = V _{TH} min, I _{SINK} = 1.2mA, MAX809R/S/T				0.3	V
	Vol	V _{CC} = V _{TH} min, I _{SINK} = 3.2mA, MAX809L/M				0.4	
<u> </u>		VCC > 1.0V, ISIN	κ = 50μΑ			0.3	

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

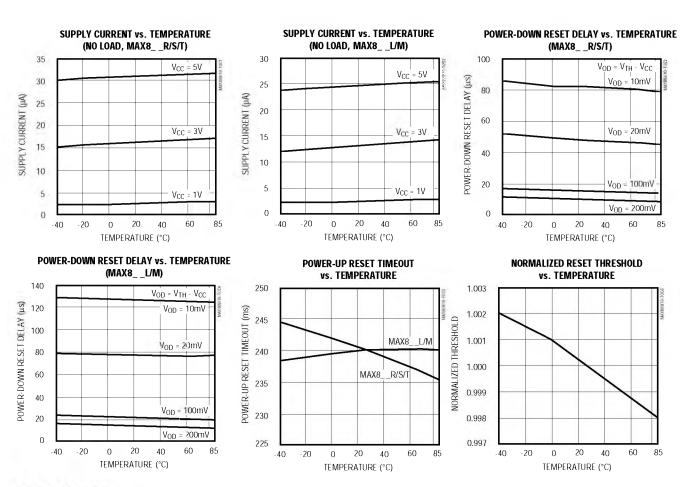
 $(V_{CC} = full\ range,\ T_A = -40^{\circ}C\ to\ +105^{\circ}C,\ unless\ otherwise\ noted.$ Typical values are at $T_A = +25^{\circ}C,\ V_{CC} = 5V$ for L/M/J versions, $V_{CC} = 3.3V$ for T/S versions, and $V_{CC} = 3V$ for R version.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
RESET Output Voltage High	Vон	V _{CC} > V _{TH} max, I _{SOURCE} = 500μA, MAX809R/S/T	0.8V _{CC}	0.8V _{CC}		V
(MAX809)		V _{CC} > V _{TH} max, I _{SOURCE} = 800μA, MAX809L/M	V _{CC} - 1.5			
RESET Output Voltage Low	Vol	V _{CC} = V _{TH} max, I _{SINK} = 1.2mA, MAX810R/S/T			0.3	V
(MAX810)		V _{CC} = V _{TH} max, I _{SINK} = 3.2mA, MAX810L/M		0.4		
RESET Output Voltage High (MAX810)	Voн	1.8V < VCC < VTH min, ISOURCE = 150μA	0.8Vcc			V

Note 1: Production testing done at $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$, over temperature limits guaranteed by design only

Note 2: RESET Output for MAX809, RESET Output for MAX810.

Typical Operating Characteristics



Pin Description

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION
1	GND	Ground
RESET (MAX809)		RESET Output remains low while V _{CC} is below the reset threshold, and for 240ms after V _{CC} rises above the reset threshold.
2	RESET (MAX810)	RESET Output remains high while V _{CC} is below the reset threshold, and for 240ms after V _{CC} rises above the reset threshold.
3	Vcc	Supply Voltage (+5V, +3.3V, or +3.0V)

_Applications Information

Negative-Going Vcc Transients

In addition to issuing a reset to the microprocessor (μ P) during power-up, power-down, and brownout conditions, the MAX809/MAX810 are relatively immune to short duration negative-going V_{CC} transients (glitches).

Figure 1 shows typical transient duration vs. reset comparator overdrive, for which the MAX809/MAX810 do not generate a reset pulse. The graph was generated using a negative-going pulse applied to VCC, starting 0.5V above the actual reset threshold and ending below it by the magnitude indicated (reset comparator overdrive). The graph indicates the maximum pulse width a negative-going V_{CC} transient can have without causing a reset pulse. As the magnitude of the transient increases (goes farther below the reset threshold), the maximum allowable pulse width decreases. Typically, for the MAX809L and MAX810M, a VCC transient that goes 100mV below the reset threshold and lasts 20µs or less will not cause a reset pulse. A 0.1µF bypass capacitor mounted as close as possible to the V_{CC} pin provides additional transient immunity.

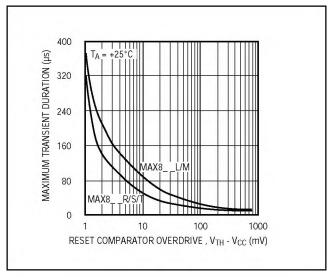


Figure 1. Maximum Transient Duration without Causing a Reset Pulse vs. Reset Comparator Overdrive

Ensuring a Valid Reset Output Down to Vcc = 0V

When VCC falls below 1V, the MAX809 \overline{RESET} output no longer sinks current—it becomes an open circuit. Therefore, high-impedance CMOS logic inputs connected to \overline{RESET} can drift to undetermined voltages. This presents no problem in most applications, since most μP and other circuitry is inoperative with VCC below 1V. However, in applications where \overline{RESET} must be valid down to 0V, adding a pull-down resistor to \overline{RESET} causes any stray leakage currents to flow to ground, holding \overline{RESET} low (Figure 2). R1's value is not critical; $100k\Omega$ is large enough not to load \overline{RESET} and small enough to pull \overline{RESET} to ground.

A 100k Ω pull-up resistor to VCC is also recommended for the MAX810, if RESET is required to remain valid for VCC < 1V.

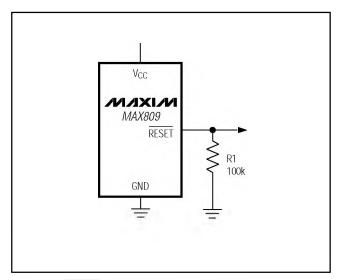


Figure 2. \overline{RESET} Valid to V_{CC} = Ground Circuit

BUFFERD RESET TO OTHER SYSTEM COMPONENTS VCC VCC MAX809 RESET GND GND GND GND GND GND

Figure 3. Interfacing to µPs with Bidirectional Reset I/O

Interfacing to µPs with Bidirectional Reset Pins

 μPs with bidirectional reset pins (such as the Motorola 68HC11 series) can connect to the MAX809 reset output. If, for example, the MAX809 RESET output is asserted high and the μP wants to pull it low, indeterminate logic levels may result. To correct this, connect a 4.7k Ω resistor between the MAX809 RESET output and the μP reset I/O (Figure 3). Buffer the MAX809 RESET output to other system components.

Benefits of Highly Accurate Reset Threshold

Most μP supervisor ICs have reset threshold voltages between 5% and 10% below the value of nominal supply voltages. This ensures a reset will **not** occur within 5% of the nominal supply, but **will** occur when the supply is 10% below nominal.

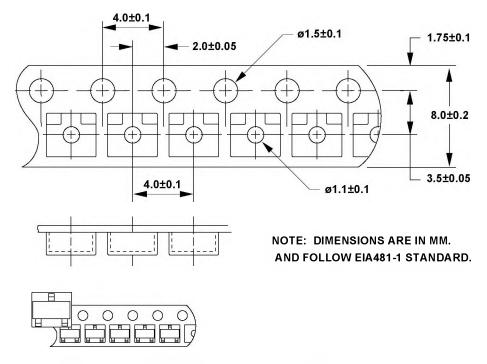
When using ICs rated at only the nominal supply $\pm 5\%$, this leaves a zone of uncertainty where the supply is between 5% and 10% low, and where the reset may or may not be asserted.

The MAX809L/T and MAX810L/T use highly accurate circuitry to ensure that reset is asserted close to the 5% limit, and long before the supply has declined to 10% below nominal.

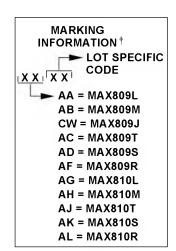
Chip Information

TRANSISTOR COUNT: 275

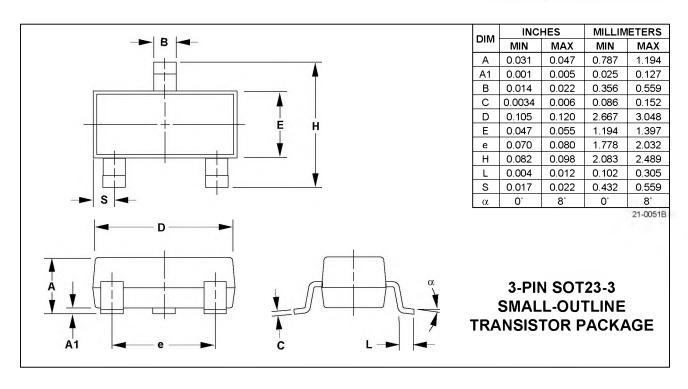
Ordering Information (continued)



†ICs MAY ALSO BE MARKED WITH FULL PART NAME: 809L, 809M....



Package Information



Maxim cannot assume responsibility for use of any circuitry other than circuitry entirely embodied in a Maxim product. No circuit patent licenses are implied. Maxim reserves the right to change the circuitry and specifications without notice at any time.