TRUTH TABLE

SELECT			OUTPUTS			
S1	S2	OPERATING MODE	$Q0_{n+1}$	$Q1_{n+1}$	$Q2_{n+1}$	$Q3_{n+1}$
L	L	Parallel Entry	D0	D1	D2	D3
L	H	Shift Right*	$Q1_n$	$Q2_n$	$Q3_n$	DR
H	L	Shift Left*	DL	$Q0_n$	$Q1_n$	$Q2_n$
H	H	Stop Shift	$Q0_n$	$Q1_n$	$Q2_n$	$Q3_n$

*Outputs as exist after pulse appears at "C" input with input conditions as shown. (Pulse = Positive transition of clock input).

V_{CC1} = Pin 1
V_{CC2} = Pin 16
V_{EE} = Pin 8

P_D = 425 mW typ/pkg (No Load)
f_{Shift} = 200 MHz typ

Four-Bit Universal Shift Register

The MC10141 is a four-bit universal shift register which performs shift left, or shit right, serial/parallel in, and serial/parallel out operations with no external gating. Inputs S1 and S2 control the four possible operations of the register without external gating of the clock. The flip-flops shift information on the positive edge of the clock. The four operations are stop shift, shift left, shift right, and parallel entry of data. The other six inputs are all data type inputs; four for parallel entry data, and one for shifting in from the left (DL) and one for shifting in from the right (DR). All four outputs are capable of driving 50 ohm lines.

When the register is used for serial output only, the unused emitter follower outputs can be left open.